1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	

BEFORE THE INSURANCE COMMISSIONER OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

In the Matter of

THE APPLICATION REGARDING THE CONVERSION AND ACQUISITION OF CONTROL OF PREMERA BLUE CROSS AND ITS AFFILIATES No. G02-45

PRE-FILED RESPONSIVE TESTIMONY OF PATRICK H. CANTILO

I, Patrick H. Cantilo, do hereby declare that the following facts are personally known to me and, if called upon to do so, I would testify to them.

- 1. Cantilo & Bennett, L.L.P. ("C&B") has reviewed the pre-filed responsive testimony of the witnesses of the PREMERA Group ("PREMERA") and that of the Intervenors. I address herein the effect or significance of certain aspects of this testimony. To the extent that it proposes changes to the Amended Form A and related documents, C&B has not addressed whether, in the aggregate, those changes should be viewed as yet another amendment of the Form A, or a materially different transaction.
- 2. Through the pre-filed direct testimony of Kent S. Marquardt and the pre-filed direct testimony of Gubby Barlow, PREMERA has attempted to address some of the concerns articulated by the consultants (the "Consultants") to the Office of the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Washington (the "OIC") in the "Supplemental Report of Cantilo & Bennett, L.L.P.: An Analysis of the Form A Statement Regarding the Acquisition of Control of a Domestic Health Carrier and a Domestic Insurer

1	Premera Blue Cross, LifeWise Assurance Company, LifeWise Health Plan of
2	Washington, LifeWise Health Plan of Oregon, Inc., Premera Blue Cross Blue Shield of
3	Alaska, and LifeWise Health Plan of Arizona, Inc. direct or indirect affiliates of
4	PREMERA by [New PREMERA Corp.] Filed with the Insurance Commissioner of the
5	State of Washington, the Alaska Division of Insurance, and the Oregon Insurance
6	Division" dated February 27, 2004 ("C&B's Supplemental Report"), which is presented
7	in Exhibit S-29. Additionally, attached to Mr. Marquardt's pre-filed direct testimony
8	are exhibits that reflect "corrections such as typographical errors or text which the state
9	consultants felt was ambiguous or did not reflect the intent" of the parties (the
10	"Proposed Modifications"). Paragraphs 3 through 13 of my pre-filed testimony address
11	these Proposed Modifications and other modifications that PREMERA has proposed.
12	3. The Consultants identified a concern regarding the lack of separate
13	representation on the Board of Directors of New PREMERA, Inc. ("New PREMERA")
14	for each of the foundations (the "Washington Foundation" and the "Alaska

- representation on the Board of Directors of New PREMERA, Inc. ("New PREMERA") for each of the foundations (the "Washington Foundation" and the "Alaska Foundation," referred to collectively as the "Foundations") to which the shares of New PREMERA's stock (the "Shares") are to be transferred. The exhibits attached to Mr. Barlow's pre-filed direct testimony seem to indicate that PREMERA will provide each foundation with separate representation (the "Designated Members") on New PREMERA's Board. If PREMERA provides for separate Designated Members, then this concern will be remedied.
- 4. The Consultants were concerned that the transfer of the Class B Share was not memorialized adequately. If the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Washington (the "Commissioner") accepts the changes in the Proposed Modifications regarding this issue, then this concern will be remedied.

1	5. The
2	the ability to vote
3	Restrictions Perio
4	shareholder vote o
5	Marquardt's pre-f
6	Trust and Divestit
7	parties. If the Cor
8	regarding this issu
9	VTDA. However
10	years as opposed
11	Regardless, Mr. N
12	opposed to furthe
13	one-half years "if
14	Association ("BC
15	BCBSA, which ra
16	the Commissione
17	then this concern
18	6. The
19	not have access to
20	by the OIC's fina
21	offering (the "IPC
22	indicates that the
23	requested informa

- Consultants indicated that the Washington Foundation should have on any new stock ownership plan that is effective after the Stock d (as defined in C&B's Supplemental Report), but submitted to a during the first two and one-half years of that period. In Mr. filed direct testimony, he explains that the language in the Voting ture Agreement (the "VTDA") did not reflect the intention of the mmissioner accepts the change in the Proposed Modifications ue, then the general intention of the parties will be approximated in the the Proposed Modifications allow for free voting during the first two to the first two and one-half years of the Stock Restrictions Period. Marquardt's pre-filed direct testimony indicates that PREMERA is not r modifying the Proposed Modifications to reflect a term of two and approved by the Commissioner and the [Blue Cross Blue Shield EBSA").]" With the exception of the requirement of approval by the aises other concerns as discussed in C&B's Supplemental Report, if r is satisfied that PREMERA will make the Proposed Modifications, will be remedied.
- e Consultants were concerned that the Washington Foundation would o the information used in the development of the opinion to be issued incial advisors regarding the economic viability of the initial public O Procedures Opinion"). Mr. Marquardt's pre-filed direct testimony lack of any restriction on the Washington Foundation's access to the ation implies that the Washington Foundation already has such access. Alternatively, he indicates that if the Commissioner concludes that PREMERA's

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22

24

consent is required for such access, then it shall consent to access that is reasonably necessary. If access to the requested information is granted to the Washington Foundation through one method or another, then this concern will be remedied.

- 7. The Consultants were concerned that PREMERA's Restated Articles of Incorporation prevented the amendment of the Washington Foundation's organizational documents, which in turn could handicap the Washington Foundation's ability to achieve tax-exempt status. If the Commissioner accepts the changes in the Proposed Modifications regarding this issue, then this concern will be remedied. Additionally, the term "of the Washington Foundation" should be deleted in C&B's Additional Supplemental Report Conclusion #19 in order to clarify the intent of that conclusion, which is that PREMERA's Restated Articles of Incorporation prevented amendments to the Washington Foundation's organizational documents as noted above. Thus, the analysis in Mr. Marquardt's pre-filed direct testimony is no longer necessary because this concern will be remedied if the changes in the Proposed Modifications are adopted.
- 8. Mr. Marquardt disagrees with concerns arising from the proposed appointment of the Investment Committee by the Foundation's first Board of Directors, mainly by arguing that there will be no assets for the committee to invest. If there is nothing for the committee to do, why is there a need to appoint it? No assurance is provided that this committee, appointed by PREMERA appointees, will not take steps binding the Washington Foundation that might be viewed as undesirable.
- 9. The Consultants indicated that a preliminary proposal to the OIC's advisors four weeks prior to the "roadshow" would be required in order for the IPO Procedures Opinion to have greater reliability. If the Commissioner accepts the change

made in the Proposed Modifications regarding this issue, then this concern will be remedied.

- 10. The Consultants were concerned that the Plan of Conversion did not reflect the intention that the closing as opposed to the mere pricing of the IPO should be a condition for the conversion to be completed. If the Commissioner accepts the change made in the Proposed Modifications regarding this issue, then this concern will be remedied.
- Transfer Grant and Loan Agreement and the Washington Foundation's Articles of Incorporation, because, under the former, the Washington Foundation could only disburse funds to organizations that were tax-exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, but the latter permit disbursements to both Section 501(c)(3) and 501(c)(4) organizations. If the Commissioner accepts the changes made in the Proposed Modifications regarding this issue, then this concern will be remedied.
- as a trigger for the time from which PREMERA has twelve months to complete certain conditions in order for the conversion to be effective. Thus, the Commissioner could have approved the conversion upon the satisfaction of the conditions in the Form A, but the twelve month time period in which to satisfy the conditions would not begin until the BCBSA's approval, which in effect could extend for an indeterminate period the twelve month window to complete the conditions. If the Commissioner accepts the changes made in the Proposed Modifications regarding this issue, then this concern will be remedied.

- 13. The Consultants were concerned with the sufficiency of the information to be provided by PREMERA to the Consultants for the completion of the bring-down opinions. In the Proposed Modifications, PREMERA has clarified one minor point in Section 4.3(b)(ii)(D) of the Plan of Conversion. If the Commissioner accepts the change made in the Proposed Modifications regarding this specific provision, then the concern regarding Section 4.3(b)(ii)(D) of the Plan of Conversion will be remedied. The other substantive issues, however, still remain outstanding in Section 4.3(b)(ii) of the Plan of Conversion.
- 14. In addition to the Proposed Modifications, Mr. Marquardt takes issue with certain points that were not addressed in C&B's Supplemental Report, but which will be addressed in paragraphs 15 through 17 of my pre-filed responsive testimony.
- 15. Mr. Marquardt's pre-filed direct testimony states that prior to February 5, 2004, the Consultants did not object to PREMERA's veto right over all the candidates selected by the Washington Foundation for the position of Designated Member.

 Actually, the Consultants had disclosed previously their concern with PREMERA's "carte blanche" authority to reject candidates who otherwise satisfied the qualifications to be a PREMERA Board member. This concern was heightened further when PREMERA refused to add a provision that would have permitted the PREMERA Board members to have a veto right, but which required a written explanation of the reasons for the veto, if exercised.
- 16. Mr. Marquardt indicates repeatedly that the Consultants relied upon the conversion of the Empire BCBS Plan in New York (the "WellChoice Conversion") as the conversion that incorporated "best practices." But, the Holding Company Acts do not state that previous transactions are the standard by which a conversion in

1	Washington is deemed to be in the public interest. Previous transactions do, however,
2	provide a general guideline when analyzing the PREMERA conversion. Moreover, if
3	PREMERA does want to use the WellChoice Conversion to judge whether each
4	provision in the conversion documents are fair, then it should apply that same standard
5	to each provision that it has rejected, but which were part of the WellChoice
6	Conversion (e.g., termination of the VTDA upon termination of the Blue Cross Blue
7	Shield name and trademark, separate 5% voting blocks outside the VTDA, a divestiture
8	schedule that is not aggregated, etc.). Indeed, the OIC consultants have made
9	abundantly clear at various times during their discussions with PREMERA that the
10	WellChoice transaction could not serve as the standard by which all of the terms of the
11	instant transaction should be gauged.
12	17. Mr. Marquardt takes issue with a statement in C&B's Supplemental
13	Report that PREMERA's failure to specify an allocation of shares between the

Foundations is "a fatal defect in the application." Actually, the full statement to which PREMERA refers is as follows: "Assuming, as do the parties, that as a condition of its conversion, PREMERA must satisfy charitable trust obligations in the two jurisdictions, arguably this failure to specify the allocation of the Shares constitutes a fatal defect in the application." That is, one could make the argument that without such an allocation, whether by PREMERA or by the states, the application fails to deliver fair market value to the Foundations. C&B, moreover, recognizes that PREMERA has attempted to overcome this potential failure by proposing the Unallocated Shares Escrow Agreement. The agreement, unfortunately, suffers from a number of infirmities, noted in C&B's Supplemental Report, as the result of which it falls short of remedying the

24

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1	potential problems that would arise from the lack of a specified allocation by
2	PREMERA, or the lack of an agreed upon allocation by the states.
3	18. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of
4	Washington that the foregoing is true and correct.
5	Dated April 13, 2004, at Austin, Texas.
6	
7	Patrick M. Couldo
8	PATRICK H. CANTILO
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	